#### UNIVERSITY OF KERALA SCHOOL OF DISTANCE EDUCATION

## **Assignment Topics for Semester-5**

## **B.Sc MATHEMATICS 2020 Admissions**

# ABSRACT ALGEBRA I COURSE CODE – MM1545

## QUESTIONS

- 1. Give examples of binary (algebraic ) structures.
- 2. In(Z, +), let H = set of all multiples of 3 and K = set of all multiples of 5. Show that H and K are subgroups of Z. Also describe  $H \cap K$
- 3. For each binary operation \* defined below say whether the following is a group or not
  - a) Define \* on Z by a \* b = a b
  - b) Define \* on *Z* by a \* b = ab
  - c) Define \* on  $R^+$  by a \* b = ab
  - d) Define \* on Q by a \* b = ab
- 4. Express the following as the product of disjoint cycles

a)  $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 \\ 3 & 2 & 57 & 1 & 6 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$ b)  $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 & 9 & 10 \\ 3 & 9 & 5 & 4 & 7 & 8 & 1 & 6 & 10 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$ c) (1 & 3 & 2 & 5)(1 & 4 & 3)(2 & 5 & 1)d) (1 & 4 & 3 & 2)(2 & 4 & 1)

5. Compute  $a^{-1}ba$  where  $a = (1 \ 3 \ 4)$  and  $b = (2 \ 3 \ 5 \ 4)$ 

6. List the elements of  $Z_3 \times Z_4$  Find the order of any five elements.

7. If  $\alpha = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 \\ 3 & 4 & 2 & 5 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$  and  $\beta = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 \\ 3 & 4 & 5 & 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$  find  $\alpha\beta$  and  $\alpha^{-1}$ ,  $\alpha^2$ .

# REAL ANALYSIS – I COURSE CODE – 1541

### QUESTIONS

- 1. Find all real numbers x such that
  - a)  $x^2 > 3x + 4$
  - b)  $1 < x^2 < 4$
- 2. Prove that  $\frac{c_1 + c_2 + \dots + c_n}{\sqrt{n}} \le (c_1^2 + c_2^2 + \dots + c_n^2)^{\frac{1}{2}} \le c_1 + c_2 + \dots + c_n$
- 3. Prove that  $\sqrt{3}$  is not a rational number
- 4. Prove the sequence  $\{n\}$  is divergent.
- 5. Prove the limit of  $x_n = \frac{1}{2}[x_{n-1} + x_n]$

6. Show that  $x_{n+1} = \frac{1}{2+x_n}$  is contractive and find its limits.

- 7. Determine whether the following limits exists and justify your answer a) $\lim_{x\to 0} \cos \frac{1}{x}$  b)  $\lim_{x\to 0} x \sin \frac{1}{x}$  c)  $\lim_{x\to 0} x \cos \frac{1}{x}$  d) $\lim_{x\to 0} x \sin \frac{1}{x^2}$
- 8. Find the following

a). 
$$\lim_{x \to 2} \frac{x^2 - 4}{x - 2}$$
  
b) 
$$\lim_{x \to 1} \frac{\sqrt{x - 1}}{x - 1}$$
  
c) 
$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\sqrt{1 + 2x} - \sqrt{1 + 3x}}{2 + 2x^2} \quad x > 0$$

### DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS MM -1543

## ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS

- 1. Solve the equations by the method of Integrating factors. (a)  $\frac{dy}{dx} + 3y = e^{-2x}$
- 2. Solve the equation using variable separable method. (a)  $\frac{dy}{dt} - 2y = 0$
- 3.Show that the equations are exact and solve

$$2xydx + x^2dy = 0$$

4. Find the integrating factor and solve the following equations:

$$(y - x^2)dx + (x^2 \sin y - x)dy = 0$$

5. Find a general solution by the method of variation of parameters.

$$y'' + 9y = \sec 3x$$

6 Find a general solution of the differential equations given below:

 $(a) y'' + 4y = \sin 3x$ 

7. Find the general solution of the equation:

$$x^2y'' - 7xy' + +12y = 0$$

8.Solve the initial value problem:

$$x^{2}y'' + xy' + 9y = 0; y(1) = 2, y'(1) = 0$$

9. Find the general solution of the equation:

$$x^2y'' - 9xy' + 25y = 0$$

### VECTOR ANALYSIS course code : MM - 1544

### ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS

1.If  $f(x, y, z) = X^2 Y - 2 Y^2 Z^3$  find  $\nabla f$  at the point (1, -1,2).

2. Compute the divergence and curl of the vector point functions. 1.  $F = X^2 Y Z i - 2X Z^3 j + X Z^2 k$ .

3Evaluate  $\int_C F dr$ , where  $F = X^2 - Y^2 i + xyj$  and curve *C* is the arc of the curve  $y = X^3$  from (0,0) to (2,8).

4. Determine whether F is conservative vector field. If so, find a potential function for it is

 $(x, y, z) = X^2 Y i + 5X Y^2 j$ 

- 5. Evaluate using Green's Theorem  $\oint 3xydx + 2xydy$ , where *C* is the rectangle bounded by x = -2, x = 4, y = 1 and y = 2.
- 6. Verify Stoke's theorem when  $F = x^2i + y^2j + z^2k$ , S is the upper hemisphere  $z = \sqrt{a^2 - x^2 - y^2}$

#### COMPLEX ANALYSIS COURSE CODE: MM-1542

#### QUESTIONS

- 1. Find the square root of -5 12i
- 2. Using the Cauchy –Riemann equations verify the following is analytic or not
  - i)  $x^2 y^2 + 2ixy$ ii)  $x^2 + y^2 - 2ixy$
- 3. Find the radius of convergence of  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{z^n}{n!}$
- 4. Show that siniy = i sinhy
- 5. Evaluate  $\int f$  over c where  $f(z) = x^2 + iy^2$  where c is given by  $z(t) = t^2 + it^2$   $0 \le t \le 1$