

## B.Sc. MATHEMATICS FIFTH SEMESTER

### ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS

#### ABSTRACT ALGEBRA I

#### COURSE CODE –MM1545

#### QUESTIONS

1. Draw the Lattice diagram of  $Z_{32}$ .
2. Find the number of generators of cyclic groups of order 12, 18, 30
3. Show that  $(Q, +)$  is not a cyclic group.
4. Let  $Q$  be the set of rationals and let  $Q(\sqrt{2}) = \{a + b\sqrt{2} : a, b \in Q\}$ . Show that  $Q(\sqrt{2})$  is a group under addition.
5. Let  $G$  be the set of all  $2 \times 2$  matrices  $\begin{pmatrix} a & 0 \\ 0 & a^{-1} \end{pmatrix}$  where  $a \neq 0$ . Prove that  $G$  is abelian group under the matrix multiplication.
6. If  $G$  is a group of even order, Prove that it has an element  $a \neq e$ . Prove that  $G$  is an abelian group under matrix multiplication.
7. In  $(Z, +)$ , let  $H = \text{set of all multiples of 3}$  and  $K = \text{set of all multiples of 5}$ . Show that  $H$  and  $K$  are subgroups of  $Z$ . Also describe  $H \cap K$
8. For each binary operation  $*$  defined below say whether the following is a group or not
  - a) Define  $*$  on  $Z$  by  $a * b = a - b$
  - b) Define  $*$  on  $Z$  by  $a * b = ab$
  - c) Define  $*$  on  $R^+$  by  $a * b = ab$
  - d) Define  $*$  on  $Q$  by  $a * b = ab$
9. Express the following as the product of disjoint cycles
  - a)  $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 \\ 3 & 2 & 5 & 7 & 1 & 6 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$
  - b)  $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 & 9 & 10 \\ 3 & 9 & 5 & 4 & 7 & 8 & 1 & 6 & 10 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$
  - c)  $(1 \ 3 \ 2 \ 5)(1 \ 4 \ 3)(2 \ 5 \ 1)$
  - d)  $(1 \ 4 \ 3 \ 2)(2 \ 4 \ 1)$
5. Compute  $a^{-1}ba$  where  $a = (1 \ 3 \ 4)$  and  $b = (2 \ 3 \ 5 \ 4)$
6. If  $\alpha = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 \\ 3 & 4 & 2 & 5 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$  and  $\beta = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 \\ 3 & 4 & 5 & 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$  find  $\alpha\beta$  and  $\alpha^{-1}, \alpha^2$ .

QUESTIONS

1. Find all real numbers  $x$  such that
  - a)  $x^2 > 3x + 4$
  - b)  $1 < x^2 < 4$
2. Prove that  $\frac{c_1+c_2+\dots+c_n}{\sqrt{n}} \leq (c_1^2 + c_2^2 + \dots + c_n^2)^{\frac{1}{2}} \leq c_1 + c_2 + \dots + c_n$
3. Prove that  $\sqrt{3}$  is not a rational number
4. Prove the sequence  $\{n\}$  is divergent.
5. Prove the limit of  $x_n = \frac{1}{2}[x_{n-1} + x_n]$
6. Show that  $x_{n+1} = \frac{1}{2+x_n}$  is contractive and find its limits.
7. Determine whether the following limits exists and justify your answer
  - a)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \cos \frac{1}{x}$
  - b)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} x \sin \frac{1}{x}$
  - c)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} x \cos \frac{1}{x}$
  - d)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} x \sin \frac{1}{x^2}$
8. Find the following
  - a).  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x^2-4}{x-2}$
  - b)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{\sqrt{x-1}}{x-1}$
  - c)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{1+2x}-\sqrt{1+3x}}{2+2x^2} \quad x > 0$

**DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS MM -1543**

ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS

1. Solve the equations by the method of Integrating factors.
  - (a)  $\frac{dy}{dx} + 3y = e^{-2x}$
2. Solve the equation using variable separable method.
  - (a)  $\frac{dy}{dt} - 2y = 0$
3. Show that the equations are exact and solve
 
$$2xydx + x^2 dy = 0$$
4. Find the integrating factor and solve the following equations:

$$(y - x^2)dx + (x^2 \sin y - x)dy = 0$$

5. Find a general solution by the method of variation of parameters.

$$y'' + 9y = \sec 3x$$

6 Find a general solution of the differential equations given below:

(a)  $y'' + 4y = \sin 3x$

7. Find the general solution of the equation:

$$x^2 y'' - 7xy' + 12y = 0$$

8. Solve the initial value problem:

$$x^2 y'' + xy' + 9y = 0; y(1) = 2, y'(1) = 0$$

9. Find the general solution of the equation:

$$x^2 y'' - 9xy' + 25y = 0$$

## VECTOR ANALYSIS

course code : MM - 1544

### ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS

- If  $f(x, y, z) = 3X^2 Y - Y^3 Z^2$  find  $\nabla f$  at the point  $(1, -2, -1)$ .
- Find the unit vector normal to the surface  $x^2 + 2y^2 + z^2 = 7$  at  $(1, -1, 2)$ .
- Compute the divergence and curl of the vector point functions.
  - $F = X^2 Y Z i - 2X Z^3 j + X Z^2 k$ .
  - $F = x^2 i - 2xy j + 3x^2 z k$
- Show that the divergence of inverse square field is zero.
- Evaluate  $\int_C 2xy dx + (x^2 + y^2) dy$  along the circular arc  $c$  given by  $x = \cos t, y = \sin t$  ( $0 \leq t \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$ )
- Evaluate  $\int_C F \cdot dr$ , where  $F = X^2 - Y^2 i + xy j$  and curve  $C$  is the arc of the curve  $y = X^3$  from  $(0,0)$  to  $(2,8)$ .

7. Find the total work done in moving a particle in a force field given by  $F = 3xyi - 5zj + 10xk$  along the curve  $x = t^2 + 1, y = 2t^2, z = t^3$  from  $t = 1$  to  $t = 2$

10. Evaluate using Green's Theorem  $\oint 3xydx + 2xydy$ , where  $C$  is the rectangle bounded by  $x = -2, x = 4, y = 1$  and  $y = 2$ .

11. Verify Stoke's theorem when  $F = x^2i + y^2j + z^2k$ ,  $S$  is the upper hemisphere  $z = \sqrt{a^2 - x^2 - y^2}$

## COMPLEX ANALYSIS

### COURSE CODE: MM-1542

#### QUESTIONS

1. Find the square root of  $-5 - 12i$
2. Using the Cauchy -Riemann equations verify the following is analytic or not
  - i)  $x^2 - y^2 + 2ixy$
  - ii)  $x^2 + y^2 - 2ixy$
3. Find the solutions of  $e^z = i$
4. Show that  $\sin iy = i \sinh y$
5. Evaluate  $\int_c f$  where  $f(z) = x^2 + iy^2$ , where  $c$  is given by  $z(t) = t^2 + it^2, 0 \leq t \leq 1$
6. Find the radius of convergence of  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{z^n}{n!}$